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ages 22 and 64 who are served in IMDs or individuals who are inmates of public institutions).

- (9) Include a separate plan amendment for each subgroup within a group if any of the following differs among the subgroups:
- (i) The case management services to be furnished;
- (ii) The qualifications of case management providers; or
- (iii) The methodology under which case management providers will be paid.
- (b) If the State limits qualified providers of case management services for target groups of individuals with developmental disability or chronic mental illness, in accordance with §431.51(a)(4) of this chapter, the plan must identify any limitations to be imposed on the providers and specify how these limitations enable providers to ensure that individuals within the target groups receive needed services.
- (c) Case management does not include, and FFP is not available in expenditures for, services defined in §441.169 of this chapter when the case management activities constitute the direct delivery of underlying medical, educational, social, or other services to which an eligible individual has been referred, including for foster care programs, services such as, but not limited to, the following:
- (1) Research gathering and completion of documentation required by the foster care program.
 - (2) Assessing adoption placements.
- (3) Recruiting or interviewing potential foster care parents.
 - (4) Serving legal papers.
 - (5) Home investigations.
 - (6) Providing transportation.
- (7) Administering foster care subsidies.
 - (8) Making placement arrangements.
- (d) After the State assesses whether the activities are within the scope of the case management benefit (applying the limitations described above), in determining the allowable costs for case management (or targeted case management) services that are also furnished by another federally-funded program, the State must use cost allocation methodologies, consistent with OMB Circular A-87, CMS policies, or any

subsequent guidance and reflected in an approved cost allocation plan.

[72 FR 68092, Dec. 4, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 31196, June 30, 2009]

§441.20 Family planning services.

For beneficiaries eligible under the plan for family planning services, the plan must provide that each beneficiary is free from coercion or mental pressure and free to choose the method of family planning to be used.

§ 441.21 Nurse-midwife services.

If a State plan, under §440.210 or 440.220 of this subchapter, provides for nurse-midwife services, as defined in §440.165, the plan must provide that the nurse-midwife may enter into an independent provider agreement, without regard to whether the nurse-midwife is under the supervision of, or associated with, a physician or other health care provider.

 $[47~{\rm FR}~21051,~{\rm May}~17,~1982]$

$\S 441.22$ Nurse practitioner services.

With respect to nurse practitioner services that meet the definition of §440.166(a) and the requirements of either §440.166(b) or §440.166(c), the State plan must meet the following requirements:

- (a) Provide that nurse practitioner services are furnished to the categorically needy.
- (b) Specify whether those services are furnished to the medically needy.
- (c) Provide that services furnished by a nurse practitioner, regardless of whether the nurse practitioner is under the supervision of, or associated with, a physician or other health care provider, may—
- (1) Be reimbursed by the State Medicaid agency through an independent provider agreement between the State and the nurse practitioner; or
- (2) Be paid through the employing provider.

[60 FR 19862, Apr. 21, 1995]

§ 441.25 Prohibition on FFP for certain prescribed drugs.

(a) FFP is not available in expenditures for the purchase or administration of any drug product that meets all of the following conditions: